THE

Caledonian Mercury

BEING

A ſhort Account of all the moſt conſiderable News, *Foreign* and *Domeſtic*.

Edinburgh, Thurſday September 5, 1723.

From the Evening Poſt, Auguſt 31.

Since our laſt arrived a Mail from Holland.

Vienna, Auguſt 25.

THEY write from Prague, That the Hereditary Prince of Lorain, after having for ſome Days taken the Diverſion of Hunting with the Emperor, is gone to the Principality of Teſchen, which was given him by his Imperial Majeſty as an Equivalent for certain Pretenſions the Duke of Lorain had on the Monferrat.

Berlin, Auguſt 28. Yeſterday the King and Queen went to Weſterhauſen, where they deſign to wait the Coming of the K. of Great Britain, who is expected there the Middle of next Month.

Francfort, Sept. 2. Some will have it, That Dr. Atterbury, late Biſhop of Rocheſter, is gone Incognito thro' Saxony to Prague.

London, Auguſt 31. Tueſday-night laſt the Lord Viſcount Gage came to Town, and deſigns next Week to ſet out for Hanover, to wait on his Majeſty.

Dr. Waugh is elected Biſhop of Carliſle, and the Conge d' Eſlire is come back.

The Ship Envieux, Denis Fougalle Commander, who brought the Plague from Alexandria, for ſome Time paſt ſuſpected to be in the Britiſh Channel, is arrived at an Iſland near Toulon, where a Guard is put upon her, that none may be ſuffered to go out of her.

----- Brown, who has been in Newgate for about two Years, for marrying Three and twenty Wives, was brought to the Bar at the Old Baily laſt Seſſion; but continued till next Seſſion.

This Day at Noon S. S. Stock was 108, 3 8ths. Bank, 121, 1 half. India, 131, 1 half. African, 11. York Buildings, 10.

For

For the Benefit of the Publick.

Anno Nono GEORGII REGIS,

An Act to oblige all Persons being Papists, in that Part of Great Britain *called* SCOTLAND, *and all Persons in* Great Britin *refusing or neglecting to take the Oaths appointed for the Security of his Majesty's Person and Government, by several Acts herein mention'd, to register their Names and real Estates.*

WHEREAS since his Majesty's happy Accession to the Crown of these Realms, divers Rebellions, Insurrections, and Traiterous Conspiracies have been entered into, and carried on, for the Destruction of his Majesty's most sacred Person and Government, the overturning our religious and Civil Rights, and for placing a Popish Pretender on the Throne: And whereas the Papists, and other Persons, refusing to take the Oaths appointed by Law to be taken to his Majesty, have enjoy'd, and do still enjoy the Protection and Benefit of the Government, as well as the rest of his Majesty's Subjects, yet have been notoriously concern'd in Contriving, stirring up and Suporting the said Rebellions, Insurrections and Conspiracies, by which it most manifestly appears, that they take themselves to be obliged, by the Principles they profess to be Enemies to his Majesty's and the present happy Establishment; and for as much as it is highly reasonable, that the Government should be throughly acquainted with, and apprized of their Numbers, Names and Real Estates of such disaffected Persons, as aforesaid, in order more effectually to prevent, disappoint, or punish the like traiterous Attempts for the future, in such Manner, as by the Wisdom of Parliament shall hereafter be thought proper: Be it therefore enacted by the King's most excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That all and every Person and Persons whatever, inhabiting in that Part of *Great Britain*, called *England*, *Wales*, Town of *Berwick* upon *Tweed*, who shall be at the Age of Eighteen, or upwards, not having already taken the Oaths appointed to be taken in and by an Act made in the First Year of his Majesty's Reign, [intituled, *An Act for the further Security of his Majesty's Person and Government, and the Succession of the Crown in the Heirs of the late Princess* Sophia *being Protestants, and for extinguishing the Hopes of the pretended Prince of* Wales, *and his open and secret Abettors*] and who shall neglect or refuse to take the said Oaths on before the Twenty fifth Day of *December*, One thousand seven hundred and twenty three, in any of his Majesty's Courts of Record at *Westminster*, or at the General and Quarter-sessions for the County, City, Town, Liberty or Division, where such Person or Persons shall live or inhabit, all and every such Person or Persons, who shall neglect or refuse to take the said Oaths by the Time aforesaid, shall, on or before the Twenty fifth Day of *March*. One thousand seven hundred and twenty four, Register, or cause to be registred, their Respective Names and Real Estates, in such and the same Manner and Form, as Papists were obliged and directed to Register their Names and Real Estates in and by an Act passed in the First Year of his Majesty's Reign (Intituled *An Act to oblige Papists to Register their Names and Real Estates*;) and also by another Act made and passed in the Third Year of his said Majesty's Reign (Intituled, *An Act for explaining an Act passed in the last Session of Parliament*, Intituled, *An Act to oblige Papists to Register their Names and Real Estates, and for enlarging the Time for such Registring, and for securing Purchases made to Protestants*) and respective Officers, appointed by the said last mentioned Acts, passed in the First and Third Years of his Majesty's Reign, appointed and directed to take and receive the Registers of the Names and Real Estates of such Papists, are hereby authorized and required to take and receive the Registers of the Names and Real Estates, which are by Virtue of this Act appointed to be registred, in such and the same Manner and Form, as by the said last mentioned Acts are prescribed in relation to Papists; and shall sign and return true Copies of the same into his Majesty's Court of Exchequer at *Westminster*, on or before the Twenty ninth Day of *September*, One thousand seven hundred and twenty four.

And it is hereby further enacted, That every Article, Clause, and Thing, in the said last mentioned Acts contained, relating to the Registring the Names and Real Estates of Papists, or to the receiving or taking the said Registers, and the examining upon Oath, or otherwise, into the Truth and Reality of the same, shall extend and be construed to extend to all and every the Registers required and directed to be made and received, by and in pursuance of this Act, in as full and ample Manner, as if the same were herein again particularly recited and enacted.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That all and every Papist, or reputed Papist or other Person or Persons, professing the Popish Religion, and all and every Person or Persons whatsoever, inhabiting in that Part of *Great Britain*, called SCOTLAND, who shall be at the Age of Eighteen Years or upwards, not having already taken and subscribed the Oath of Allegiance, subscribed the Assurance, and taken and signed the Oath of Abjuration as directed to be taken and subscribed by such Persons, who bear any Office under his Majesty, by the aforesaid Act, made in the First Year of his Majesty's Reign (Intituled, *An Act for the further Security of his Majesty's Person and Government, and the Succession of the Crown in the Heirs of the Princess* Sophia *being Protestants, and for extinguishing the Hopes of the pretended Prince of* Wales, *and his open and secret Abettors*;) and who shall neglect or refuse to take and subscribe the said Oaths, and subscribe the said Assurance on or before the Twenty fifth Day of *March*, One thousand seven hundred and twenty four, before and in the Court of the Lords of Session, or the Court of Justiciary, or the Court of Exchequer in SCOTLAND, or before the Justices of the Peace at the Quarter-sessions held for the County, Shire, Stewartry, City, Burgh, Town, or Liberty, where such Person or Persons shall live or inhabit, or before Sheriffs or Stewarts, or their Deputies, in open Court held for such Shire, Stewartry, City, or Borough respectively, where such Person or Persons, shall live or inhabit, as aforesaid, every such Papist, reputed Papist, or Person professing the Popish Religion, and all and every such other Person or Persons, who shall refuse or neglect to take and subscribe the said Oaths, and subscribe the said Assurance by the Time aforesaid; shall on or before the Twenty fourth Day of *June*, One thousand seven hundred and twenty four, Register or cause to be registered, their Names and Real Estates in the Sheriff's Court, of such Shire or County wherein their Estates do respectively lie, in the

same

ſame Manner and Form, as Papiſts in that Part of *Great Britain* called *England*, were obliged and directed to Regiſter their Names and Real Eſtates in, and by an Act paſſed in the Firſt Year of his Majeſty's Reign (Intituled, *An Act to oblige Papiſts to Regiſter their Names and Real Eſtates*) and alſo by another Act paſſed the Third Year of his Majeſty's Reign (Intituled, *An Act for explaining an Act paſſed laſt Seſſion of Parliament*, Intituled, *An Act to oblige Papiſts to Regiſter their Names and Real Eſtates, and for enlarging the Time for ſuch Regiſtring, and for ſecuring Purchaſes made by Proteſtants*;) and the ſaid reſpective Sheriffs, or Sheriffs Deputes, are hereby directed and required to take and receive ſuch Regiſtrations, as are hereby required to be made, and keep ſuch Books, and make ſuch Entries, as the Clerks of the Peace of the ſeveral Counties within that Part of *Great Britain* called *England*, are, by Virtue of the aforeſaid Act of the Firſt of his Majeſty's Reign, (Intituled, *An Act to oblige Papiſts to Regiſter their Names and Real Eſtates*) directed and required to keep and make; and ſhall ſign and return true Copies of ſuch Regiſtrations into his Majeſty's Court of Exchequer in SCOTLAND, on or before the Twenty fourth Day of *December*, One thouſand ſeven hundred and twenty four.

And be it further enacted, by the Authority aforeſaid, That every Article, Clauſe and Thing, in the ſaid laſt mentioned Act contained, relating to the receiving, taking, and entring the Regiſters of the Names and real Eſtates of Papiſts, and the examining upon Oath, or otherwiſe, into the Truth and Reality of the ſame, ſhall extend and be conſtrued to extend to all and every the Regiſtrations required and directed to be made and received in that Part of *Great Britain* called *Scotland*, by and in Purſuance of this Act; and to give the ſame Powers, Authority and Directions to the ſaid Sheriffs, or Sheriff-Deputes, reſpectively, as by the ſaid laſt mention'd Act, are or were given to the Juſtices of the Peace, in their open Quarter-Seſſions, and Clerks of the Peace to the ſeveral Counties in that Part of *Great Britain* called *England*, in as full and ample Manner, as if the ſame were herein again particularly recited and enacted.

And be it further enacted, that in caſe any Perſon or Perſons, who is or are hereby directed and required to take and ſubſcribe the Oaths and Aſſurance reſpectively as aforeſaid, or for Want thereof, to regiſter his, her or their Names and real Eſtates, ſhall not take and ſubſcribe ſuch Oaths and Aſſurance reſpectively, or regiſter, or cauſe to be regiſtred, their Names and Real Eſtates in ſuch Manner, as in this Act before is directed, within the reſpective Time herein before limited and appointed for the doing thereof; then and in every ſuch Caſe, the Perſon or Perſons neglecting or refuſing to take and ſubſcribe ſuch Oaths and Aſſurance reſpectively, or for want thereof, to make ſuch Regiſtracy, as aforeſaid, ſhall forfeit the Fee-Simple and Inheritance of, or ſuch Eſtate and Intereſt in all ſuch Lands, Tenements, and Hereditaments not regiſtred, whereof he, ſhe or they, or any Perſon or Perſons in Truſt for him, her or them, was or were ſeized in Fee-Simple, or otherwiſe intereſted in at the Time of ſuch Default, as aforeſaid; Two third Parts thereof to the King, and the other Third Part thereof to ſuch Perſon or Perſons, being a Proteſtant or Proteſtants, who ſhall ſue for ſuch forfeited Lands, Tenements, or Hereditaments, as ſhall lie in *England*, the Dominions of *Wales*, or Town of *Berwick* upon *Tweed*, in any ſuch Court, and by ſuch Ways and Means, as are directed by the ſaid recited Act to oblige Papiſts to regiſter their Names and Real Eſtates; and ſhall ſue in his Majeſty's Court of Exchequer in SCOTLAND, for ſuch forfeited Lands, Tenements, or Hereditaments, as ſhall lie in that Part of *Great Britain*, called SCOTLAND.

Provided always, That nothing in this Act contained ſhall extend, or be conſtrued to extend, to any Perſon or Perſons, now beyond Seas, who by Virtue of this Act ought to take and ſubſcribe the ſaid Oaths and Aſſurance reſpectively, or make ſuch Regiſtry, as aforeſaid, ſo as ſuch Perſon or Perſons do, within Six Months after his, her, or their Return into *Great Britain*, take or ſubſcribe the ſaid Oaths and Aſſurance reſpectively, or make ſuch Regiſtry, as aforeſaid, according to the Appointment of this Act.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That if any Perſon or Perſons, being Proteſtants, in that Part of *Great Britain*, called SCOTLAND, hath or have taken and ſubſcribed, or ſhall within the reſpective Times by this Act limited, take and ſubſcribe the Oath appointed to be taken by Miniſters and Preachers in SCOTLAND, by an Act of the Fifth Year of his Majeſty's Reign, (Intituled, *An Act for making more effectual the Laws appointing the Oaths for Security of the Government, to be taken by Miniſters and Preachers in Churches and Meeting-Houſes in* SCOTLAND) inſtead and in lieu of the Abjuration Oath, ſuch Perſon or Perſons ſhall be deemed and taken to have compli'ed with the true Intent and Meaning of this Act, in as full and ample Manner, as if ſuch Perſon had taken the ſaid Oath of Abjuration, and ſhall not incurre any of the Penalties or Forfeitures inflicted by this Act, or be obliged to Regiſter his, her or their Names or Real Eſtates, Any thing herein contained to the contrary notwithſtanding.

And for the better Diſcovery of Papiſts and reputed Papiſts in that Part of *Great Britain*, called SCOTLAND, Be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That all Papiſts, reputed Papiſts, and Perſons profeſſing the Popiſh Religion in SCOTLAND, as aforeſaid, ſhall at the Time of taking and ſubſcribing the Oaths of Allegiance and Abjuration, and repeating and ſubſcribing the Aſſurance, as is herein before directed and required, make and ſubſcribe the Declaration called the *Formula*; as the ſame is recited in an Act of Parliament of SCOTLAND, paſſed in the Year, One thouſand ſeven hundred, (Intituled *An Act for preventing the Growth of Popery*;) and in caſe ſuch Papiſts, or reputed Papiſts, ſhall neglect or refuſe to take and ſubſcribe the ſaid *Formula*, at ſuch Time or Times as are herein before directed, ſuch Papiſt, or reputed Papiſt, ſhall be obliged to to Regiſter, or cauſe to be Regiſtred, his, her, or their Names and Real Eſtates, in Manner and Form, as is herein before directed, or for want thereof, ſhall be liable to, and incurre the like Penalties and Forfeitures, as are by this Act inflicted and enacted againſt ſuch Perſons as ſhall neglect or refuſe to take the ſeveral Oaths appointed by this Act to be taken, or in caſe of ſuch Refuſal, ſhall neglect to make, or cauſe to be made, ſuch Regiſter, as aforeſaid: Any thing herein contained to the Contrary notwithſtanding.

And be it enacted, that for taking and ſubſcribing the Oaths and Aſſurance appointed by this Act, Three Pence ſhall be paid, and no more; and for any Certificate theref, if required, One Shilling, and no more.

FINIS.

From

From the Weekly Journal, Auguſt 31.

We hear from Petersburg, That the Czar arrived at that Place by Land from Revel, before which Place he left his Fleet; and that they have Orders to ſail for Cronſlot with the firſt fair Wind.

When he was at Sea he diſpatched a Fregat to Stockholm with Letters, that he ſhould aſſure the King of Sweden, that this Expedition was not undertaken to break the Peace of the North, but to exerciſe his Seamen. Since his Return, all the neighbouring Powers are returned from their *Pannicks*, being convinced of the Sincerity of his Majeſty's Declarations.

Perhaps, by theſe naval Cavalcades, the Czar may have in his Mind the Story of the Shepherd in the Fable; who was accuſtomed to divert himſelf with frighting his Neighbours, by crying out the Wolf was coming: They often prepared for Defence, and ſtill found it was a falſe Alarm: At length, when the Wolf was really coming, none of them would ſtir, and ſo the Flock was ſeiz'd defenceleſs---- We cannot ſay that this is the Caſe, nor ſhall we take upon us to apply the Fable.

Since his Czariſh Majeſty's Return (by ſeveral Expreſſes from Perſia) he has received Advice, That the whole Province of Schirvan, lying on the Weſt-ſide of the Caſpian Sea, betwixt Dagheſtan on the North, and Anderbretzan on the South, has ſubmitted to his Troops. This Province is above a hundred Miles long, abounding in Silk, Cotton, Gawls and Allom; and alſo in Rice, Corn and Wines, Cattle and Fowl in great Plenty.

We are adviſed from Hanover, That the Day after Mynheer Peſters, the Dutch Miniſter, arrived there, he had a private Audience of his Majeſty; and that he holds frequent Conferences with the Miniſters concerning the Affair of the Netherland Eaſt India Company, which gives more Diſturbance to the States than any Thing which has happened theſe many Years. 'Tis now plain, that the Emperor is deaf to all Remonſtrances upon that Head. At the ſame time, 'tis like to give ſuch a Cut to the Dutch Eaſt India Trade, that no Stone muſt be left unturned to ruine this new India Company; and 'tis apprehended, it may be the Cauſe of a Rupture in theſe Parts of Europe. However, 'tis thought that this will in a great meaſure depend upon the French: And the States have ſent new Inſtructions to Mynheer Hope, their Miniſter at Paris, to induce that Court to come in to their Meaſures, But whether it be conſiſtent with French Policy, to ſecure and eſtabliſh the Trade of the Dutch, who are already too many for their Neighbours that way, upon the Ruin of the Flemings, whom the French have no great Reaſon to fear, Time will ſhew.

In the mean time we are informed from Hamburg, That ſeveral Ships, from 30 to 60 Guns, are building there for the Netherland Company, and that they will be ready by next Spring to go upon their Voyage.

By ſeveral Letters from Spain we are adviſed, That a Body of Thirty Thouſand Men are marching to a certain Rendezvous in Gallicia; but upon what Deſign we do not learn.

By Letters from Conſtantinople we hear, That an Envoy from Prince Tamas, Son of the dethron'd Sophi, is arrived there; and that he has delivered Letters to the Grand Viſier and Mufti, and has had an Audience of the Former; and that a Council or Divan was call'd to conſider of his Propoſals: But they do not ſay what Reſolutions were taken thereupon.

London, Auguſt 31. Sir Godfrey Kneller, the famous Painter, lies very ill of a Diſtemper call'd Fourſcore.

Wye's Letter verbatim, London Auguſt 31.

BY the Holland Mail which arrived yeſterday we received Letters from Cambray dated the 31ſt Inſtant, adviſing, That a Diſtemper has been obſerved for ſome Days paſt in the Villages between that City Beaupaume and Arras, which carries off in about 24 Hours Time thoſe whom it ſeizes; it being appre-

hen-

hended that this Diſtemper is infectious, all poſſible Precautions are taken in the neighbouring Places, to prevent its ſpreading any further.

From Bruſſels of the 2d of September they write, That Advice having been received from ſeveral Places, That for three Weeks paſt, a malignant Fever has diſcovered it ſelf in the Country of Artois; The Marquis de Prie had diſpatched circular Letters to the Governours of Ypres, Tournay, Menin and other Frontier Places, commanding them to make ſtrict Enquiry into that Matter, and to report the true State of the Diſtemper to him. It is ſaid to be a ſweating Sickneſs, which in the Year 1551, raged in England, and overrun the whole Kingdom, in ſo much, that 800 died of it in one Week in London. 'Tis remarked, that thoſe that were ſeized therewith, were inclined much to Sleep; and all that ſleept died: But if they were kept awake for the Space of one Day, they ſweated it out and recovered.

'Tis adviſed from Venice of the 20 Inſtant, That the French Ship called the Envieux, who brought the Plague from Alexandria, and for ſome Time paſt ſuſpected to be in the Britiſh Channel is arrived at Thoulon; The Captain upon his Examination owned, that in December laſt being in the Port of Alexandria, his Pilot died there of the Plague, That he put into a Port of Creve towards the End of January, where having cauſed all the Perſons on board his Ship to go on Shore, and lodged them under Tents, he made them perform Quarantine till the firſt of March, during which Time, 5 Paſſengers and three Sailors died of the Plague, where leaving behind him his Tents and all other Neceſſaries uſed on that Occaſion, he ſailed for Tunis; and before he was admitted to Quarantine two more Paſſengers died there, who were Moors, as well as the 5 before mention'd, by whom the Infection was brought on Board, he landed all his Goods at the laſt Port, and arrived the 19 of the laſt Month at Thoulon.

There is ſtill a very great Call for the True Briton, the Author of which takes not the leaſt Notice of Reflections caſt upon him by Paſquin, the Flying Poſt and the Briton. In his Paper publiſhed yeſterday, ſpeaking of the great Miſchiefs which naturally attend the Conduct of evil Miniſters, he ſays it might well be wiſhed, that this or the like Prayer was added to all the publick Litanies of Chriſtians, *viz.* 'Lord turn away from all States an Evil, which is the Cauſe of ſo many 'other Evils; deny not ſovereign Princes that Spirit of Conduct which is fit for them to govern by, give them Underſtanding enough to counſel themſelves well, and to chuſe their Counſellors as they ought.

'Tis ſaid Mr. Kelly is to be removed from the Tower to Wincheſter Jayl, and Mr. Plunket to Newgate to be confined there during Life, and have an Allowance each of 50 Shillings a Week from the Government. Yeſterday the Juſtices met again at Weſtminſter, and adminiſtred the Oaths according to the laſt Act of Parliament, to ſeveral Ladies of Quality and Gentlemen of Diſtinction amongſt the latter was the famous Mathematician Sir Iſaac Newton.

Guilford, Auguſt 28. This Morning about 10 a Clock, the Lord Onſlow with Six Gentlemen coming from Fox Hunting, were met near this Town by one Edward Arnold, with a Gun ready cockt in his Arms, and after paſſing them the Length of 6 Yards, he turned about and fired his Piece at my Lord, and ſhot him in the Shoulder, and had the ſame been 2 Inches higher or lower his Lordſhip muſt have dyed. Four Surgeons of this Place went with Speed to him, and they all agreeing that the Wound is not Mortal, 'tis hoped his Lordſhip will do well. The Rogue is loaded with Irons in our Jayl.

Sir Conſtantine Phipps lyes dangerouſly ill.

Some Accounts mention, That the infected Ship above-mentioned from Alexandria, was performing Quarantain off of Bourdeaux.

The Court of Madrid has reſolved, That the Galleons ſhall put to Sea from Cadix the latter End of next Month.

The Lord Gage deſigns to ſet out next Week for Hanover.

A D.

ADVERTISEMENT

THeſe are to give Notice, That the Houſe which belong'd to the Deceaſt *James Hog*, late Baillie of *Dalkeith*, with the haill Apartment and Conveniencies thereto belonging, as the ſamine were poſſeſt by the ſaid Defunct himſelf, are to be ſet for one Year or more, any who has amind to be Tacksman thereof, may ſee the ſaid Conveniencies, and be ſpoke with by *James Hog* Son to the Defunct, at the ſaid Houſe, lying in the *Weſt* Wynd of *Dalkeith*, at the Sign of the Half-Moon.

†‡† *Theſe are to advertiſe all Perſons whatſomever, That the* Michaelmaſs *Fair of* Galla-ſhiels, *falling to be upon the* Sabbath, *for this Year, is to hold upon the* Tueſday *next thereafter, being the firſt Day of* October *next. As alſo, that whenever the ſaid Fair ſhall at any Time hereafter happen to fall upon* Saturday, Sabbath, *or* Munday, *the ſame is to hold upon the* Tueſday *next thereafter.*

THERE *is a Piece of Silver Plate,* 25 *Pound* Sterling *value, ſet out by ſeveral Noblemen and Gentlemen, to be Run for at* Peebles *on the uſual Ground, upon the firſt* Wedneſday *of October next, being the* 2d *Day of that Month, by any Horſe, Mare or Guelding, each of them to carry eight* Scots *Stone Trois Weight, allowing Whip, Saddle and Bridle to be Part of the Weight: The beſt in three Heats, each Heat thrice round.*

The Horſes which are to run for this Plate being three at leaſt, belonging to ſeveral Owners, muſt be at Peebles *ten Days before the Race, and to be entered there by the Town-Clerk, fourtyeight Hours before the Courſe, and the Inputs to be* 6 *Guineas amongſt them. No Croſſing nor Joſtling to be allowed, and all Diſputes are to be determined by the Judges appointed by the Gentlemen Subſcribers for the ſaid Plate.*

The Diſtance Poſt is to be ten Score Yards from the ſtarting Poſt.

The Rider after each Heat, is to take off his Saddle himſelf, and carry it with him the Moment he diſmounts to the Scales, and is to be allowed in weighing, a Pound for waſte.

Half an Hour is allowed at the End of each Heat for rubbing.

If any ſingle Horſe, Mare or Guelding wins the firſt two Heats, and if they are challenged by any of the reſt who ſaved their Diſtance, they are obliged to run again; and if they ſave their own Diſtance they win the Race, if diſtanced they loſe it.

If three ſingle Horſes win each of them a Heat, the Horſe that wins the laſt Heat wins the Plate.

If any Horſe, Mare or Guelding runs on the wrong Side of any of the Poſts, they are to run back the ſame Way and run right, or elſe they are to be adjudged as diſtanced.

This Plate being lately advertiſed to be on the laſt *Wedneſday* of *Auguſt*; and the Time being too ſhort for Gentlemen and Horſes to be ready againſt that Day it was thought proper to alter the Courſe to the firſt *Wedneſday* of *October* next.

EDINBURGH:

Printed for Mr. *WILLIAM ROLLAND*, by *WILLIAM ADAMS*.